THE FINE PRINT

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Defamation (tort)

- To win a defamation claim, a plaintiff must show
 - A false and defamatory statement concerning another;
 - An unprivileged publication to a third party;
 - Fault amounting at least to negligence on the part of the publisher; and
 - Either actionability of the statement irrespective of special harm or the existence of special harm caused by the publication.

Defamation—public figure

- Defamation concerning a public figure occurs when a communication is made about a public figure concerning his/her conduct, fitness, or role in that capacity if the person making the statement and
 - Knows the statement is false and defamatory or
 - Acts in reckless disregard of these matters or with actual malice
 - NOT negligence

Public figures

General-purpose public figure

- High level of fame & notoriety
- Public figure for <u>all</u> purposes & contexts

Limited-purpose public figure

- Fame & notoriety only in certain context
- Public figure defamation standard only applies to areas where figure has fame & notoriety

Special considerations

- Labor context
 - Comments have to be false, malicious, clearly libelous and damaging to the plaintiff
- Opinions are never defamatory
- Businesses and corporations can also be defamed

Exercise: Defamatory?





This guy manipulates elections.

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT

- Protected concerted activity
- Enforcement

National Labor Relations Act § 7

- Employees shall have the right
 - to self-organization,
 - to form, join, or assist labor organizations,
 - to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing, &
 - To engage in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid of protection

Examples





Hey, <u>Steph Curry</u>, those f***ing Warriors just put me on probation! Has this ever happened to you?



@PieFactoryWorker

This place is a pig sty!

USW SOCIAL MEDIA GUIDELINES

USW Social Media Guidelines



The context of a labor dispute

Employee communications

- to third parties in an effort to obtain their support are protected where the communication indicated it is related to an ongoing dispute between the employees and the employers and
- the communication is not so disloyal, reckless, or maliciously untrue as to lose the Act's protection

Examples: PCA?





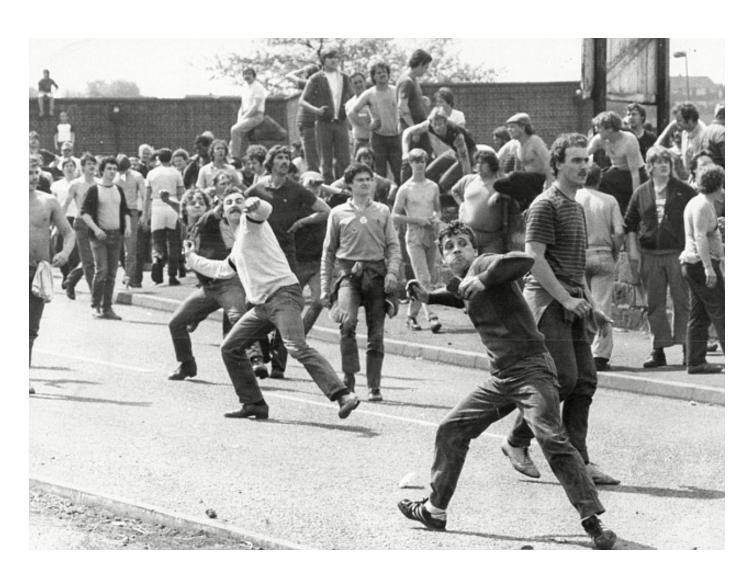
Tomorrow the school board will try to explain why scab labor is ok! Come to the meeting at 7 pm!



@uswlocal12345

Alco is unpatriotic because it invests more in China than at home!

Photos and videos



Copyrights & trademarks

Copyrights

- A legal right that grants the creator an original work exclusive rights for its use & distribution
- Fair use: (1) purpose & character; (2) nature of copyrighted work; (3) amount of work used in relation to work as a whole; & (4) effect of use upon potential market

Trademarks

- A symbol, word, or words legally registered or established by use as representing a company or product
- Liability only when use creates a likelihood as to the origins of goods, services, or commercial activities

ELECTION RULES

Federal election communications do not apply to internet communications!!!!

Member-only communications

Whatever you want

- Coordination with candidates or parties
- Solicitation of PAC contributions

Other communications

- Volunteers for candidates
 - We can give information about needs but cannot give volunteer lists
- GOTV and voter registration
 - Cannot be coordinated with federal candidates or parties
- Campaign contributions
 - Union can solicit or otherwise encourage contributions to campaign
 - Provide link to campaign's website
 - CANNOT process contributions